

ESTABLISHED DAILY IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, JANEVILLE, WIS.
BY THOMSON & ROBERTS
IN ADVANCE: 10 00
THE CITY, by carriers, per foot, per week, 20 00
MAIL, ONE YEAR, 9 00
SIX MONTHS, 4 00
THREE MONTHS, 2 00
W. G. ROBERTS

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Encouraging Enlistments.

At Fond du Lac there is a copperhead paper called the *Press*, and its Editor is one Swineford. There never was a man who had so appropriate a name, except a mighty mean we once knew who rejoiced in the euphonious cognomen of *Backhouse*. When nature made *Swineford* she built her ship worthy of the name it was to bear, and seemingly conscious of the eternal fitness of things. Anyhow, having the name to work to, she (that is Nature), mixed in such moral qualities as befit the title. This man with the elegant *Soubriquet* is not without ambition and he is at present straining himself to hand his name down to posterity with that of other rebels and traitors. He would no doubt be sent to Fort Lafayette if the game was worth the powder, but it isn't. Men do not load 100-pound Parrots to kill lizards with. Below the advice which the *Press* deals out to its insane followers concerning the draft. It would be charity to suppose that the man who can write and publish such stuff is either crazy or a natural born fool. The *Press* says:

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We are glad that *Democrats hold back*.

No man who is a Democrat will voluntarily enlist in the cause of abolitionism—and that is the sum total of the present war. Let them remain at home, and let the Indians and the Niggers and the abolitionists go and fight, if they want to. When the draft comes, and brings with it the press gang, then decide whether you will allow yourselves to be dragged away—whether you will live a slave or die a *freeman*! The very last thing you *do* is to obey the *behests of the Washington tyrant, or the mentors who do his bidding*."

CANDIDATE FOR THE ASSEMBLY.—It will

be seen by reference to the proceedings in another column, that the Union Convention which met at the Court Room last evening, made choice of J. R. Cass, Esq., as their candidate to be supported at the ensuing election. It is scarcely necessary for us to say that the nomination is one eminently fit to be made, and that the candidate selected is a gentleman of well known integrity and ability, whose election would rest on credit upon any constituency.

As to the present incumbent, Mr. H. Richardson, we believe we are justified in saying that at his course, during the last session, was entirely satisfactory to his constituents. Our opinion is made up from personal observation when we say that Rock County never had a more faithful representative than he.

SENATORIAL NOMINATION.—The Senatorial Convention which assembled in this city to-day, under choice of Wm. A. Lawrence, Esq., as a candidate for the suffrages of the Union men of this Senatorial district, at the coming election. The fact that Mr. L. received nearly the entire vote of the convention on the informal ballot, is the best possible evidence of his popularity. He has represented this district ably and faithfully for the past two years, and the Convention has done wisely in putting him in nomination again.

GEORGE DAWSON, writing from Washington to his paper, the Albany *Evening Journal*, says: "The draft in September is a fixed fact. It will be neither modified nor postponed. Those subject to it might as well prepare for it, by procuring substitutes in advance or by 'setting their house in order' for 'departure' if they choose to do so."

TAX IT ONCE.—The proprietors of Dr. H. Seely's Liquid Catarrh Remedy have unbounded confidence in the merits of that Medicine, as they guarantee to return the amount paid, where the directions have been followed for one month, without beneficial results. Surely they could do no more.

SEVEN THOUSAND CASES of soldiers' claims for back pay, bounty, etc., were passed in the Second Comptroller's Office last month. Over forty thousand are now on the book, and the average monthly increase is from five to six thousand.

The great question now is, how many of the 60,000 able-bodied men who are said to have attended the McClellan meeting in New York, will enlist and help put down the rebellion?

J. G. Knapp, United States Judge for the territory of New Mexico, has been removed and Hon. Levi Hubbard, of Milwaukee, appointed in his place. Judge Knapp was formerly of Madison.

THE RICHMOND *Dispatch* says that that stanch and modest old hero, Gen. Thomas is an "atrocious liar," and quotes the N. Y. *World* to prove it.

MR. HARVEY is industriously at work on the south wing of the Capitol, and the walls are being rapidly built up.

TWENTY-SEVEN ladies of New Bedford, Mass., have agreed to furnish each a representative recruit.

It is estimated that Early, in his recent northern raids, has lost by death and desertion 10,000 men.

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The Weekly Gazette is now the largest paper printed in the State, and having the matter printed in the DAILY to select from, will be a companion to any newspaper. We publish in correct political and social news, from all quarters, in literary merit and in local information relating to this city and county, we shall spare no pains to make the Weekly Gazette worthy of public patronage and support.

New Advertisements.

GENTLEMEN'S Shoulder Braces,
G also Ladies' Shoulder Braces. **Short Stop-**
porters, at **Aug 22daw2** CAMP'S DRUG STORE.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of sin-
gle and double TRUSSES and SUPPORTERS, at
Aug 22daw2 CAMP'S DRUG STORE.

NOTICE—The Public Schools of the
City will open on Monday the 29th Inst.
O. J. DEARDORN,
Chairman Board of Education.

STRAYED—From my premises in
the town of Lima, about two weeks since, a
large male COW, two years old. Has a white strip run-
ning from tip of the nose to the forehead, and
quite short and thick. **JOHN GIBSON.**
LIMA, August 20, 1864. **914142**

TAKEN UP—By the subscriber in
the town of Rock on Wednesday, August 17th,
1864, three SHEEP. The owner is requested to prove
property, pay charges and take them away. **JAMES GIBSON.**
Rock, August 20, 1864. **310143**

NOTICE—The Annual Examina-
tion of Teachers employed in the city schools
will take place on Friday, 28th Inst., commencing at
9 o'clock a.m. Any others who desire to prove
property, may attend. All will receive certi-
ficates. **O. J. DEARDORN**, **President.**
Chairman Board of Education.

SEASONABLE REMEDIES.

Beach's Cordial,

Treat's Anodyne Cordial,

Camp's Blackberry Syrup,

Fosgate's Anodyne Cordial,

Ford's Tonic Cordial,

Perry Davis' Pain Killer,

Jayne's Carminative Balsom,

Graefenberg Dysentery Syrup,

Radway's Ready Relief,

Winslow's Soothing Syrup,

Blackman's Healing Balsam,

McCormick's Cholera Specific,

Elli's Willow Charcoal,

Sloan's Instant Relief,

Brown's Essence Jamaica Ginger,

Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture.

Aug 22daw2 AT CAMP'S DRUG STORE

Running Again

I will say to the public that I
have opened again

The Old Stand, on the Bridge,

over the harness shop, where I can always be found
ready to do all kinds of

CUN- REPAIRING.

Also Lock Smithing, Model Work, Sewing Machine
Repair, and in fact all kinds of Jewelry done in a
gun shop.

Rifles, Made to Order,

open for cash and warranted. Hoping to receive a
few patronage. I remain your truly

D. W. LEWIS.

NEW MUSIC AT

Darling's Music Store,

No. 2 Myers Block, East side of Main St.,
Janesville, Wis.

THE LARGEST AND BEST

assortment in the city of

PIANOS, ORGANS,

Harmoniums and Melodeons,

from the best manufacture. Also

Guitars, Violins, Flutes; Fifes and all

other Musical Instruments

of the best manufacturers. OR

SHEET MUSIC:

we have a fresh supply from the press. Particular
attention paid to

Tuning Pianos and Melodeons,

012aug22daw3u J. L. DARLING.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—I now offer for sale at a great
sum a splendid FARM, situated 1½ miles west of the
Schofield depot, just back of the city limits, in an
excellent state of cultivation. The buildings are

newly built and in good condition; a good well of wa-
ter, two large cisterns, fruit and ornamental trees,
shrubbery, &c. Terms made easy. I will exchange
this property for desirable property in or near this

new factory, or of M. P. Cogswell, or
230m44daw4t F. A. WHEELER.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—I
now offer for sale the following real estate in
the city of Janesville:

A house, and lots No. 1 and 2 in block 11, in Palmer
& Sutherland's Addition to Janesville. The house is
of brick and stone, and lot situated on Bluff street, adjoining
the Schuyler House on the south, formerly occupied

by the late Charles H. Palmer. Two houses, well
built, and lot situated in Rockport Addition to Janes-
ville, and lot No. 106 in Mithmore's Addition to
Janesville.

TERMS EASY!

A part of the purchase money may remain on mort-
gage. **S. A. MULDON.** 4402p2daw3m

TAKEN UP—Came into the 15th of
July, by the subscriber, one large black cow,
white face and long horns. The owner is requested to
prove property, pay charges and take her away as soon
as possible. **THOMAS P. DUNLAP.**

841aug22daw4v

STRAYED—From the subscriber,
on or about the 11th inst., a dark red COW, with
a little white on the face, and on her horns. Who-
ever finds her, will be greatly rewarded. **M. W. MILLISON.**

842aug22daw4w

DAY BOARDERS—A few day
boarders can be accommodated at the home,
especially occupied by W. W. Holden, corner of Pleasant
and Franklin streets.

SPERM CANDLES and Sperm Oil,
at the **Aug 22daw2** PHILADELPHIA DRUGSTORE

Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 8.

JANESVILLE, WIS., SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1864.

NUMBER 147.

Indiana Politics.

LOCAL MATTERS.

RAILROAD DIRECTORY.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Chicago & Northwestern.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE.

Chicago & North Western.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President:

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice-President:

ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

W. W. FIELD. H. L. BLOOD.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1st--GEO. C. NORTHRUP.

2nd--JONATHAN BOWMAN.

3rd--ALLEN WORDEN.

4th--HENRY J. TURNER.

5th--W. J. BELITZ.

6th--A. S. McDILL.

A Protest.

At the last session of Congress an act was passed guaranteeing to the people of certain states, whose governments had been usurped, a republican form of government, and which was designed by those who enacted it, to reconstruct the rebellious states.

We have neither time nor space at present to devote to an examination of the bill. Its merits and demerits, whatever they may have been, are put at rest by the President's refusal to affix his signature to it.

But what we took up the pen to speak of was the protest which Senator Wade, of Ohio, and Henry Winter Davis, of Maryland, have publicly entered against the President's refusal to sign the bill.

Messrs. Wade and Davis are the Chairmen of the two Committees of the Senate and House on the rebellious states, and the bill was probably the product of their joint labor.

The act did not secure the hearty endorsement and support of many Union men and was not finally passed until near the close of the session--too near its close, in fact, to admit of its return to Congress by the President, with his objections; hence Mr. Lincoln is reduced to the necessity of issuing a proclamation setting forth the reasons by which he has been induced to withhold his signature from the bill in question. This has brought out Messrs. Wade and Davis in a bitter and indignant protest in which they severely censure the President, and arraign him before the country for his action in the case. Their letter occupies three and a half columns of the fine type of the New York *Tribune*, and that it is an ably written document, no one will doubt, who is at all acquainted with the protestants.And while there is unquestionably much truth in what these gentlemen have so elaborately set forth, there is no question in our minds but that Messrs. Wade and Davis could have employed their time to a much better advantage than in issuing this angry protest. It will be sufficient for most of our readers to know, that every copperhead paper in the land that could afford to put it in type, from New York to Richmond, has published it with approving comments. The Chicago *Times* declares it to be the last nail in the coffin of Mr. Lincoln, while its yoke-fellow, the Richmond *Examiner* says it has "hit Old Abe under the fifth rib!"

If Messrs. Wade and Davis intended to furnish the enemies of the Administration, North and South, with arguments ready made to their purpose, they may felicitate themselves upon their eminent success.

Their letter has already had a great run among the opponents of the Union cause everywhere, and is destined to still wider circulation this fall as a campaign document.

Very likely Mr. Lincoln was wrong in withholding his signature from the bill.

Let us concede that he was. Have the gentlemen who issued this fierce protest demanded the matter a single particle? Not at all.

Besides, they seem to have forgotten that the President has the constitutional right to veto such measures as he deems mischievous in their tendency. The indignant Senator and wrathful Representative may as well remember that the President is not the slave of Congress to do its bidding, but a co-ordinate branch of the government clothed with power to act, for which the people will hold him responsible.

Their protest will be a sweet morsel under the tongue of every copperhead in the land, while the true friends of union and liberty everywhere, will regret its publication.

While they have aimed a blow at Mr. Lincoln to gratify some personal hostility, the stroke has fallen upon the cause which they themselves profess to have nearest their hearts. We hope the fruits of their speedy reperment will be commensurate with the evil their hasty and passionate action has inflicted upon the Union party.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York *Herald*, who describes the rampant character of secession at Bedford Springs, Pa., says, also, that, about a week since, Gov. Curtin was at the Springs. At the same time ex-President Buchanan was also there. Seeing the Governor one evening seated in a conversation, Buchanan arose and advanced. The Governor, with proper etiquette, also rose and advanced, extending his hand to the ex-President, whereupon the latter wheeled upon his heel, turned his back, and walked away. If Gov. Curtin had responded to the hoary old traitor's conduct by kicking his treacherous rear, no one would have regretted it.

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Saturday, August 20, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
of Illinois.

For Vice-President,
ANDREW JOHNSON,
of Tennessee.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

W. W. FIELD, H. L. BLOOD.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1st GEO. C. NORTHRUP.
2nd JONATHAN BOWMAN.
3rd ALLEN WORDEN.
4th HENRY J. TURNER.
5th W. J. BELITZ.
6th A. S. McDILL.

A Protest.

At the last session of Congress an act was passed guaranteeing to the people of certain states, whose governments had been usurped, a republican form of government, and which was designed by those who enacted it, to reconstruct the rebellious states.

We have neither time nor space at present to devote to an examination of the bill.

Its merits and demerits, whatever they may have been, are put at rest by the

President's refusal to affix his signature to it.

But what we took up the pen to speak of was, the protest which Senator Wade of Ohio, and Henry Winter Davis of Maryland, have publicly entered against

the President's refusal to sign the bill.

Messrs. Wade and Davis are the Chairmen of the two Committees of the Senate and House on the rebellious states, and the bill was probably the product of their joint labor.

The act did not secure the hearty endorsement and support of many

Union men and was not finally passed until near the close of the session—too near

its close, in fact, to admit of its return to

Congress by the President, with his objections; hence Mr. Lincoln is reduced to

the necessity of issuing a proclamation setting forth the reasons by which he has been induced to withhold his signature from the bill in question. This has brought out Messrs. Wade and Davis in a

bitter and indignant protest in which they

severely censure the President, and arraign him before the country for his action in the case.

Their letter occupies three and a half columns of the five type of the

New York *Tribune*, and that it is an able

written document, no one will doubt, who

is at all acquainted with the protestants.

And while there is unquestionably much

truth in what these gentlemen have so

elaborately set forth, there is no question

in our minds but that Messrs. Wade and

Davis could have employed their time to

a much better advantage than in issuing

this angry protest. It will be sufficient

for most of our readers to know, that every

copperhead paper in the land that could

afford to put it in type, from New York to

Richmond, has published it with approving

comments. The Chicago *Times* declares it to be the last nail in the coffin of

Mr. Lincoln, while its yoke-fellow, the

Richmond *Examiner* says it has "hit Ole

Abe under the fifth rib."

If Messrs. Wade and Davis intended to

furnish the enemies of the Administration,

North and South, with arguments ready

made to their purpose, they may folioate themselves upon their eminent success.

Their letter has already had a great in-

fluence among the opponents of the Union cause everywhere, and is destined to a still wider circulation this fall as a campaign docu-

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fluence among the opponents of the Union cause everywhere, and is destined to a still wider circulation this fall as a campaign docu-

ment.

Very likely Mr. Lincoln was wrong in

withholding his signature from the bill.

Let us concede that he was. Have the

gentlemen who issued this fierce protest mead- ed the matter a single particle? Not at all.

Besides, they seem to have forgotten

that the President has the constitutional

right to veto such measures as he deems

mischievous in their tendency. The in-

dignant Senator and wrathful Representa-

tive may as well remember that the Presi-

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have nearest their hearts. We hope the

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commensurate with the evil their hasty

and passionate action has inflicted upon

the Union party.

Notes by the Wayside.

HEADQUARTERS 4th REGIMENT, BATTALION OF MEMPHIS,
TENNESSEE, AUGUST 11, 1864.

Editors Gazette.—Having left you rather unceremoniously yesterday on board the steamer, I will, with your permission, resume the thread of our narrative.

To begin at the beginning, we landed, or were landed, at the city, or in the city of Memphis, about ten o'clock last night, and made our way through the mud—for it is known to you that rain has descended on this wicked city in copious showers during all these long weeks that we of the Bower City have been parched with drought—so the Gayoso House, said to be the best hotel in Memphis, which may be true, if so, may the Lord have mercy on those who stop at the others.

To-day we visited the 40th Regt. Wis. Vol., and shock hands with the boys, too many of whom I regret to say we found in the hospital. I was informed by Surgeon Jones, however, that no great number were dangerously sick, the disease being mostly miasmatic, although Mr. Potter of Albany, and an old and esteemed citizen of Bradford, Mr. George Plater of Company A, are I fear in a very critical state.

Not being particularly fascinated with the *cuisine* of the "Gayoso," I made my way to "those Head Quarters" where I found, not only a dinner fit to be eaten, but the pleasure thereof: the company of Colonel Buttrick, of the 39th Regt., commanding the 4th Brigade, and his excellent and accomplished lady, who is spending the hundred days in camp with her husband the Colonel, and devoting her time in attending to the sick and suffering boys in his regiment. Would to heaven that every Colored in our army had such a wife; it would be an infinite blessing to our gallant men both in camp and hospital.

Sunday Aug. 14.—I yesterday accompanied the Brigade Inspector to Collierville, a town that was about 25 miles east of the city, on the Memphis and Charleston R. R.

The ground has been fought over so often, having been first in possession of one party and then of the other, that the country has become pretty nearly desolated. But little fence to be seen and chimneys standing and in ruins, indicate where dwellings once stood. But few remain and those are mostly occupied by our troops. It is said to witness the awful retribution that has been here visited upon many, for the wicked madness of the few. But such is civil war and it beclouds our copperhead press and demagogues to ponder it well before they inaugurate it at home.

From the little evidence presented in the shape of corn and cotton growing along the route, I am inclined to think the soil rather poor as compared with that of Rock County. The original forests however are magnificent, and with proper cultivation the soil might, perhaps, be made productive. Peaches and apples appear to grow well, and I see no good reason why grapes, cherries and pears might not be successfully cultivated, as it is emphatically a tree growing region, but I saw none growing.

With a population such as free institutions would secure this might be made a desirable country to dwell in, but at present it is a much better country to emigrate from than to. Nevertheless, as we have thus far escaped the guerrillas and the dangers of the sea, and as no viper has fastened itself upon us, as we know of, and as the barbarians hereabouts have shown us no little kindness, and as we have suffered nothing by reason of the rain or the cold, we will not complain nor set down anything in malice, but wish that returning peace may bring them all the prosperity the soil and climate is so well calculated to secure.

I have seen no sights to tell of, and as you have heard of the firing into the *Monitor* by those sons of hell, I will not trouble you with a repetition. By the way, why don't our government hang or shoot a rebel prisoner, or sympathizer, for every one so murdered, or say two for one? Which in my humble judgment would very soon put an end to these fiendish acts? Au Revoir, that's French, I reckon.)

Vox.

THE PETTERSON COURT OF INQUIRY.—Major General Meade, commanding the Army of the Potowmack, being the first witness called, gave his testimony, presenting the preliminary correspondence between himself and the Lieutenant General, and all the orders issued by the headquarters of the army, concerning the assault. The Confederate General Farragut, anxious to close the engagement in a summary manner, started towards the Tennessee at full speed; at the same time Capt. Strong, in the Monongahela, struck the Tennessee amidships and withdrew in time to give room to our Admiral to grapple with his antagonist, Buchanan. When the smoke cleared away from the two vessels, the white flag was seen to wave from the Tennessee's pilot house, in token of submission, and Capt. Jeraud, who went in as a volunteer on the *Osprey* as a representative of Admiral Farragut, received the sword of Admiral Buchanan, and that terrible engine of destruction was ours, although gained at a great loss of life.

Admiral Farragut, during the engagement, was stationed at the main-top, where he had lashed himself in case he should receive a wound, communicating his orders below through speaking-tubes. After a most determined and gallant engagement, the Tennessee showed a white flag as a token of surrender. An officer of the Federal fleet then boarded the *Tennessee* and demanded the sword of Admiral Buchanan, which that officer surrendered and it was taken on board the flagship.

The monitors closed with her when in range, and one of the most interesting engagements of the war succeeded, and in the smaller wooden vessels, were the spectators.

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1861.

New York Enquirer.—The Evening Post gives an interesting account of "How New Yorkers Live," from which we extract a passage:

Of 115,930 families residing in New York City only 15,920 are able to enjoy the luxury of an independent home; 14,362 other families live in comparative comfort two in a house; 4,116 buildings contain three families each, and yet do not come under the head of tenements; and the 11,965 dwelling houses which remain are the homes of 72,886 families, being an average of seven families or thirty-five souls to each house! But this is only an average. In the Eleventh Ward 113 houses (houses built on the backs of deep lots, and separated only by a narrow and necessarily dark and filthy court from the front houses, which are also "barracks") contain 1,652 families, or nearly fifteen families or seventy souls each; twenty-four others contain 497 families, being an average of eighty souls each; and in another ward seventy-two such houses contain no less than nineteen families or ninety-four souls each!

This seems shocking. But this is by means the worst. There are 550 tenement houses in New York which contain, by actual count, 10,933 families, or about 80 persons each; 193 others which accommodate 141 persons each; 71 others which cover 140; and, finally, 29—the most must be the most profitable—which have a total population of no less than 5,419 souls, or 187 to each house.

The part of Fifth Avenue which holds the chief part of the wealth and fashion of New York has an extent of about two miles, or, counting both sides of the street, four miles. These four miles of stately palaces are occupied by 400 families; while a single block of tenement houses, not 200 yards out of Fifth Avenue, contains no less than 700 families or 3,500 souls. Seven such blocks, Mr. Halliday pertinently remarked, would contain more people than the city of Hartford, which covers an area of several miles square.

A tenement house is thus described:

"It is commonly a structure of rough brick, standing upon a lot twenty-five by one hundred feet; it is from four to six stories high, and is so divided internally as to contain four families on each floor—each family eating, drinking, sleeping, cooking, washing and lighting in a room eight feet by ten, and a bed-room six feet by ten; unless, indeed—which very frequently happens, says Mr. Halliday—the family renting these two rooms takes in another family to board, or sublets one room to one or even two other families!"

DREADED INDIAN WAR.—The Omaha Republican, of the 10th, says:

The recent murders in the Platte Valley point to a general uprising of the savage hordes who inhabit Western Nebraska, Colorado, Idaho and Utah. Within forty-eight hours between twenty and thirty dead bodies have been found at different points west of us, and we hear of numerous depredations upon stock and trains. Men have been murdered at Thirty-two Mile Creek, Long Tree Station, and Plum Creek—stock has been driven off at one or two points on the Atchison and Fort Kearney mail route—the pickets at Fort Kearney have been fired upon—and it is said that John Talbot, of Fort Kearney, and four men who were out with him on a scout, have been killed. The train destroyed at Plum Creek, was burned up and thirteen men murdered.

A fact which gives peculiar significance to these outrages is this: the Indians are unquestionably led on by white men, disguised as savages.

This means an indiscriminate massacre of emigrants and settlers, and unless measures be concerted to avert the calamity, the district west of Fort Kearney, and perhaps for many miles this side, will be the scene of a massacre rivalling in fiendishness the Minnesota slaughter of 1862.

A SNAKE STORY.—A few weeks ago, as a boy by the name of Hughes, about 12 years old, was returning home from Dudley, in Calton township, he saw a large black snake coiled in the road in front of him. As he approached, it sprang at him, passing over the horse's back, but missing the boy. The horse was then put to the gallop, but the rascal pursued, and again darted at the boy, and again missed him, and fell on the opposite side of the horse. The snake then coiled around one of the front legs of the horse, and remained there some minutes, the horse all the while running as fast as possible. For several days the horse's leg was much swollen. This story is from the best authority.—Huntington (Pa.) Monitor.

THE REBEL THREAT AT MOBILE.—The Baltimore correspondent of the *World* says the rebel troops at Mobile consist of about fifteen thousand men. There were more a few weeks ago; but when Gen. Hood took command at Atlanta, about five thousand were sent to him from Mobile. About one-third of these troops are veterans. The remainder are new recruits, or soldiers of from two to three months' standing, mostly raised in Alabama and Mississippi. They are not organized in regiments by themselves, but have been incorporated with the old regiments, all of which, by long and hard service, had been very much reduced in numbers. The whole force is commanded by General Maury, and is considered to be in an efficient condition.

THE BEST HAVANA CIGARS ARE MADE FROM TABACCO D PLANTED IN A SOLUTION OF OPPIUM. Natural leaf tobacco never has that peculiar effect, as will be noticed upon smoking the best clean leaf in a pipe. It is the opium in a first rate cigar, and not the tobacco, which smokers get enslaved with and cannot do without. In some of the Havana establishments, twenty thousand dollars worth of opium per year is used.

During the hot weather, and the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln, the White House is being all renovated. A great deal of injury has been done by visitors, who have clipped the curtains and torn the wall paper for the purpose of sending home Presidential souvenirs.

Two Pittsburgh Aldermen were recently convicted, one for receiving stolen goods, for which he was sentenced to the penitentiary for two months; and the other for a misdemeanor, for which he was fined a small sum.

NOTICE.—How to avoid the Draft.—Enlist in the Rock County Guards, Vol. Int., J. B. Bunting commanding, and secure your bounty as follows:

Local bounty, \$200.00

Government bounty, one year, \$200.00

Three years, \$300.00

Headquarters at the Provost Marshal's office, Janesville.

H. C. COLEMAN, Recruiting Officer.

3840 ACRES OF LAND ON SALE, lying in the towns of

Center, Magnolia,

Spring Valley, and Plymouth,

In Rock county, Wisconsin. For terms of sale apply to J. H. Pease, Janesville, WI. 720p2dawf

Rice, Gaul & Rice's Column.

DRY GOODS RETAILING

LESS THAN

NEW YORK JOBBLING PRICES!

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY

RICE, GAUL & RICE

CLOSING BUSINESS.

The First Day of September Next,

Spring & Summer Trade

ADHERE TO OLD PRICES,

DRESS GOODS!

STYLE OR PRICE.

Summer Cloaks and Shawls

AT A LARGE REDUCTION

BLACK SILK CIRCULARS

AND SACQUES.

ENORMOUS REDUCTION.

CRAZT BARGAINS

to those wishing to purchase

TO THOSE INDEBTED TO US

we respectfully request to call and make immediate payment.

Any claim against us will be promptly paid at pre-

773p2dawf

Rice, Gaul & Rice.

Clothing.

T H A T I S S O , A N D N O

MISTAKE!

If You Wish to Save Money

you must go where they sell

GOODS THE CHEAPEST,

and that place is

M. C. SMITH & CO'S,

where you can save cents to one dollar on a Hat

You can save from one dollar to one dollar and a half on a pair of Pants.

You can save from two dollars to six dollars on a Coat.

You can save from five to ten dollars on a Suit of Clothes.

In addition to these great savings you will procure goods of

A Better Quality,

A Better Style,

and a Better Fit

this side of Boston

FARMERS,

Don't pay Twelve Shillings for a Hat

at some of the small concerns round town, when you can purchase the same at our store for one dollar.

Don't pay \$1 for a Linen Coat,

when you can get the same quality at M. C. Smith & Co's for \$1.

Don't pay from \$20 to \$25 for a Black Dress Coat,

when you can purchase precisely the same quality at M. C. Smith & Co's for from \$12 to \$15.

Don't pay from \$25 to \$30 for a Suit of Clothes,

when you can purchase the same, only a little better, at M. C. Smith & Co, at from \$20 to \$25.

Don't go and pay \$10 for a Trunk,

when you can buy the same at our store for \$6.

Now, Farmers of Rock County,

THIS IS NO BLOWING,

but the real truth, and after you have looked into every concern in town,

GIVE US A CALL!

We will convince you that the above are facts. We shall always cheerfully exhibit our goods, and any favoring with a call may be assured that though we are not prepared to sell at the minimum price, 400p2dawf

S. C. SMITH & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

NOW READY

—AT—

ECHLIN & FOOTE'S

English, French,

Stock and American,

CLOTH CASSIMERES & VESTING

Comprising all the

NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON!

and to face

THE LARGEST AND BEST

STOCK OF GOODS!

ever exhibited to the citizens of Janesville.

THE SPRING STYLES!

—ARE—

New and Beautiful!!

and we have all the facilities for doing the very best of work at the lowest possible prices.

239p2dawf ECHLIN & FOOTE.

GET YOUR CLOTHES MADE!

AT THE FASHIONABLE

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

—OF—

ECHLIN & FOOTE!

Their Garments

FIT WELL! WEAR WELL

And Give Good Satisfaction!

235p2dawf

COMMISSION HOUSE.

J. D. SKINNER & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

206 Kinzie St., Corner Dearborn, Chicago,

Buy and sell all kinds of Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Barley, Beans, Hops, Hogs, Bacon, Salt, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Tallow, Grease, Peathers, Tobacco, Dried Fruits, Hides,

Gunny Sacks & Produce in General.

Purchase on order, at lowest market prices, every description of Merchandise, Flour, Green, Bacon, etc.

615p2dawf

JANESVILLE LADIES' SEMINARY.

Janesville, Wisconsin.

The Fall Term of this Institution will commence on Wednesday, the 11th of September. For particulars send for circular.

Mrs. E. T. ELIA ANDERSON, Principal.

571p2dawf

TAKEN UP.—By the subscriber, on the 1st of August, 1861, a new and

leading Bond & Biddle.

The owner is requested to pay property, plus charge, and take him away.

JOHN STRONK,

Janesville, July 7, 1861.

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Janesville, July 7, 1861.

JOHN STRONK,

SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1864.

New York Standard. The Evening Post, and an interesting account of "How New Yorkers Live" from which we extract a passage as follows: "Of 115,958 families residing in New York City, only 19,990 are able to enjoy the luxury of an independent home; 14,362 other families live in comparative comfort, two in a house; 4,416 buildings contain three families each, and yet do not come under the head of tenements; and the 11,985 dwelling houses which remain are the homes of 72,886 families, being an average of seven families on thirty-five souls to each house! But this is only an average. In the Eleventh Ward, 113 rear houses (houses built on the backs of deep lots, and separated only by a narrow, and necessarily dark and filthy court from the front houses, which are also "barracks"), contain 1,655 families, nearly fifteen families on seventy souls each; twenty-four others contain 497 families, being an average of eighty souls each; and in another ward seventy-two such houses contain no less than nineteen families, or ninety-five souls each!"

This seems shocking. But this is by no means the worst. There are 530 tenement houses in New York which contain, by actual count, 10,933 families, or about 85 persons each; 193 others which accommodate 141 persons each; 71 others which cover 140; and, finally 29—these must be the most profitable!—which have a total population of no less than 5,449 souls, or 187 to each house.

The part of Fifth Avenue which holds the chief part of the wealth and fashion of New York has an extent of about two miles, or, counting both sides of the street, four miles. These four miles of stately palaces are occupied by 400 families; while a single block of tenement houses, not 200 yards out of Fifth Avenue, contains no less than 700 families or 3,500 souls. Seven such blocks, Mr. Halliday portentously remarks, would contain more people than the city of Hartford, which covers an area of several miles square."

A tenement house is thus described:

"It is commonly a structure of rough brick, standing upon a lot twenty-five by one hundred feet; it is from four to six stories high, and is so divided internally as to contain four families on each floor—each family eating, drinking, sleeping, cooking, washing and fighting in a room eighteen by ten, and a bed-room six feet by ten; unless, indeed—which very frequently happens—says Mr. Halliday—the family renting these two rooms takes in another family to board, or sublets one room to one or even two other families."

DREAD INDIAN WAR.—The Omaha Republican, of the 10th, says:

The recent murders in the Platte Valley point to a general uprising of the savage hordes who inhabit Western Nebraska, Colorado, Idaho and Utah. Within forty-eight hours between twenty and thirty dead bodies have been found at different points west of us, and we hear of numerous depredations upon stock and trains. Men have been murdered at Thirty-two Mile Creek, Lone Tree Station, and Plum Creek—stock has been driven off at one or two points on the Atchison and Fort Kearney mail route—the pickets at Fort Kearney have been fired upon—and it is said that John Talbot, of Fort Kearney, and four men who were out with him on a scout, have been killed. The train destroyed at Plum Creek, was burned up and thirteen men murdered.

A fact which gives peculiar significance to these outrages is this: the Indians are unquestionably led on by white men, disguised as savages.

This means an indiscriminate massacre of emigrants and settlers, and unless measures be concerted to avert the calamity, the district west of Fort Kearney, and perhaps for many miles this side, will be the scene of a massacre rivaling in ferocity the Minnesota slaughter of 1862.

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THE best Havana cigars are made from tobacco dried into a solution of opium. Natural leaf tobacco never has that peculiar effect, as will be noticed upon smoking the best clean leaf in a pipe. It is the opium in a first-rate cigar, and not the tobacco, which smokers get enslaved and cannot do without. In some of the Havana establishments, twenty thousand dollars worth of opium per year is used.

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Two Pittsburgh Aldermen were recently convicted, one for receiving stolen goods, for which he was sentenced to the penitentiary for two months; and the other for a misdemeanor, for which he was fined a small sum.

NOTICE—How to avoid the Draft. Enlist in the Rock County Guards now forming for the 30th Regt. Wis. Vol. Inf. Col. J. Blithell commanding, and secure your bounty as follows:

Local bounty, \$200.00
Government bounty, one year, \$200.00
two years, \$300.00
three years, \$300.00

Headquarters at the Provost Marshal's office, Janesville. H. H. COLEMAN, Consulting Officer.

3840 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE, lying in the towns of Center, Magnolia, Spring Valley, and Plymouth, in Rock county, Wisconsin. For terms of sale apply to J. H. Pease, Janesville, Wis. 4545dawd.

TO THOSE INDEBTED TO US we respectfully request to call and make immediate settlement. Any claims against us will be promptly paid at presentation.

Rice, Gaul & Rice.

DRY GOODS RETAILING

CLOTHING.

LESS THAN

NEW YORK JOBING PRICES!

CLOTHING.

THAT IS SO, AND NO

MISSTAKE.

If You Wish to Save Money

you must go where they sell

GOODS THE CHEAPEST,

and that place is

M. C. SMITH & CO'S,

where you can save fifty cents to one dollar on a Hat.

You can save from one dollar to one dollar and a half on a pair of Pants.

You can save from two dollars to six dollars on a Coat.

You can save from five to ten dollars on a Suit of Cloths.

In addition to these great savings you will procure goods of

A Better Quality,

A Better Style,

and a Better Fit

RICE, GAUL & RICE

CLOSING BUSINESS.

Intending to close our business to this city by

The First Day of September Next,

we have concluded to offer our stock, and more particularly the goods adapted to the

Spring & Summer Trade

at much less than New York market prices. Goods of every description have and continue to advance rapidly in price, but notwithstanding that fact we intend to

ADHERE TO OLD PRICES,

and offer such Indemnity as cannot fail to benefit those who will favor us with a call. Our stock is one of the best in the city, and comprises some of the richest goods ever brought to this market.

DRESS GOODS!

We have an endless variety, unsurpassed for

STYLE OR PRICE.

NOW READY

AT

ECHLIN & FOOTE'S

English,

French,

Stock and

American,

ODD

NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON!

and in fact

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF GOODS!

ever exhibited to the citizens of Janesville.

THE SPRING STYLES!

New and Beautiful!

and we have all the facilities for doing the very best work at the lowest possible prices.

238m7dawd. ECHLIN & FOOTE.

GET YOUR CLOTHES MADE

AT THE FASHIONABLE

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

—OR—

ECHLIN & FOOTE!

Trade Garments

FIT WELL! WEAR WELL!

And Give Good Satisfaction!

238m7dawd.

COMMISSION HOUSE.

J. D. SKINNER & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND PRODUCE DEALERS:

206 Kinzie St., Corner Dearborn, Chicago,

Buy and sell all kinds of Wheat, Rice, Corn, Oats, Barley, Beans, Hops, Hops, Bacon, Bulk Meats, Salted Meats, Cheese, Lard, Tallow, Grease, Feathers, Tobacco, Dried Fruits, Hides,

GUNNY SACKS & PRODUCE IN GENERAL.

Purchase on order, at lowest market prices, every description of Merchandise, Flour, Grapes, Bacon, etc.

15m7dawd.

JANESVILLE LADIES SEMINARY.

Janesville, Wisconsin.

The Fall Term of this Institution will commence on the 16th of September. For particular send for circular. Mrs. P. STELLA ANDERSON, Principal.

Slageddawd.

TAKEN UP.—By the subscriber, on

my premises, on the 25th day of June, 1864, one

year, for the benefit of the poor, to be sold to the

poor, property, pay charges, and to be sold to the

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COMMERCIAL.

REPORTED FOR THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE, BY STUMP & GRAY,
GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, August 20, 1864.

We make up prices as follows:

WHEAT—White winter at \$1.02 per bushel; extra milling spring \$1.05 per bushel; shipping grades at \$1.00 & \$1.05.

COIN—Shelled per 50 lbs. \$1.15 & \$1.20; ear do. per 72 lbs. \$1.15 & \$1.20.

RYE—In good request at \$1.10 & \$1.15; 50 lbs. \$1.05.

OATS—Old No. 1 \$0.95 & \$1.00; new do. 50 & 60 cts.

BARLEY—Primo sample at \$1.05 & \$1.15; common

at \$1.00 & \$1.05.

BUTTER—Good to choice wills at 20¢ lb.

BEANS—Upright white \$1.05 & \$1.25; mottled 50 & 60 cts.

POTATOES—Choice Nishnawet and Beach Blows

at 50 & 60 cts.; common and mottled 40 & 50 cts.

EGGS—Four supply at 10 & 12 cts per dozen.

POULTRY—Turkeys, dressed \$0.80; Chickens 7 & 8

per pound.

HIDES—Green \$1.00; dry 14 & 16.

SHEEP SKINS—Range from \$1.00 to \$2.50 each.

TOBACCO—Fair to prime leaf 75¢.

WOOL—Dull at 90¢ & 1.05; 50 for unwashed.

FLOUR—Spring at retail at \$0.90 per 100 lbs.

NEW YORK MARKET.

By Telegraph.

New York, August 19.

FLOUR—State and western opened quiet and steady,

and closed more active and 50¢ & 60¢ higher, at \$1.00 & 10.05

for extra states; \$1.05 & 10.75 extra R. H. O.

WHEAT—Normal quiet and closed 2¢ better, at

\$2.15 & \$2.35 for Chicago spring; \$2.17 & \$2.34 for Illinois

states; \$2.35 & \$2.41 winter red western.

CORN—Dull and closed 1¢ lower, at \$1.04.

15 for mixed western, chily to 14¢ per bushel.

OATS—14¢ and 15¢ lower, at 75¢ for western.

WOOD—Good special demand for fence, which tend upward. Low grades of fence are in better request; blankets and carpets. Domestic sheep at \$1.05; superior pullets at \$1.10; 15 bushels lambs at \$1; 100 bushels and calves at 50¢; 50 bushels corduroy at 80¢.

COFFEE—Quiet and unchanged.

SUGAR—Active and 10 higher, at 24 & 25¢ for Cuba, Mowbray, and 22 & 24 for Porto Rico.

PETROLIUM—Price, crude at 50¢ & 51¢; refined in

bottles at 50¢ & 51¢; refined fine oil at 51¢ & 52¢.

POKE—Heavy and lower, at 5¢ for no.

New York, August 20, 1864.

FLOUR—5¢ better and in good demand.

WHEAT—21¢, 21.5¢ & 21 for Milwaukee club.

CORN, OATS and WHISKY—Pern and quiet. 17¢

GOLD—\$1.60.

MILWAUKEE MARKET.

By Telegraph.

Milwaukee, August 20, 1864.

FLOUR—Supply very light and very little trade.

Low water hinders gleaning in the country. Sales of 105 bushels good country spring extra at \$9.50.

WHEAT—Opened somewhat excited, but closing

heavy and lower, No. 1 spring in store at \$1.05.

OATS—Quiet and shade weaker, at 6¢.

CORN—Dull at 14.5¢.

OIL—Buying at \$1.62 & 1.64.

Miscellaneous.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Milwaukee, August 20, 1864.

The list of names of the persons in the collection district

has been received by me, and the names are due and payable.

Each list embraces taxes on income, car-

riages, billiard tables, horses, &c. I will be

at the State House, Milwaukee, on the 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d days of August, for the purpose of re-

ceiving lists from persons assessed in the city and

town of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milton, Elmwood, Franklin, Pleasant, Union, Maywood, and

in the county of Rock. All persons who shall neglect

to pay the taxes within the time specified will be liable to pay ten per centum a diarium upon the amount due, except as far as the law may require.

E. R. WADDELL, Collector of Dist. Wis.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELEC-

TION, to be held on the question of raising

money to supply the country.

Witness, A petition has this day been presented to

me by the following named electors and fre-

holders of the city of Janesville, to wit:

J. E. Powers, J. C. Jones,

J. M. Haviland, J. C. Jones,

A. C. Thompson, J. C. Jones,

Frankenthal, Esq., J. C. Jones,

E. B. Hubbard, Esq., J. C. Jones,

J. B. Breitling, Esq., J. C. Jones,

requesting me to call a special meeting of the qual-

ified electors of said city, to be held at the office of G.

N. V. D., in the Fourth Ward of said city, at the ear-

ing of the hour of 10 A. M., for the purpose of

voting to raise by law the sum of six thousand and six

hundred dollars, to be paid in sums of one thousand

dollars to each person who may have volunteered,

or shall hereafter volunteer and be credited with

one thousand dollars upon the quota of each

military district, except as far as the law may re-

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COMMERCIAL.

REPORTED FOR THE JAMESVILLE GAZETTE, BY BUMP & GRAY,
GRAIN AND PROVISION DEALERS.

JAMESVILLE, August 20, 1864.
We make up prices as follows: 100 lbs. of WHEAT—White wheat at \$1.00@20; extra white, \$1.00@20; shipping grade at \$1.00@25; CORN—Shelled per 50 lbs. \$1.00@20; ear do. per 75 lbs. \$0.80@20.

RYE—in good request at \$1.00@20 & 50.
OATS—No. 1, \$1.00@20; new 10@20.
BARLEY—Prime sample at \$1.00@20; common to fair at \$1.00@20.

BUTTER—Good to choice, all sorts \$1.25@25.
BEANS—Peas, white, \$0.90@25, mixed 10@25.
POTATOES—Choice Nebraskans and Pease Blows at 10@25@25; common and mixed 10@25@25.
EGGS—Fresh supply at 10@25 per dozen.
POULTRY—Turkeys, dressed, Suck. Chickens 7@25 per pound.
HIDES—Green \$0.90@25; dry, 14@25@25.
SHIP PANTS—Range from \$1.00 to \$2.00 each.
Tobacco—Tob. to prime leaf, 10@25.
WOOL—Ball at 90@25, per lb. for unspun.
FLOUR—Spring, at 50@25 for 100 lbs.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.] NEW YORK, August 10, 1864.

FLOUR—State and western opened quiet and steady, and closed more active & \$0.05 better, at \$1.00@20.
for extra state; \$1.00@20@25 extra F. & C.

WHEAT—Open quiet, and closed 25 better, at \$1.00@25@25. Chicago spring; \$1.17@25 for Illinois; local; \$0.35@25@25 winter red western.

CORN—Opened dull and closed 10 lower, at \$1.05@25 for inland western, chiefly at inside price.
OATS—Heavy and lower, at 10@25 for western.
WOOD—Open quiet, and closed 25 better, at lower grades of foreign are in better request for blankets and carpets. Domestic Roger at \$0.85; superior pullet at \$1.00; 10 bush. Lamas at \$1; 100 bushels and Crimbs at 50@25@25; 50 bush. Cordw. at 8@25.

COFFEE—Quiet and unchanged.
SUGAR—Active and is higher, at 10@25@25, for Cuba Muscovado, and 20@25@25 Porto Rico.

PERUUM—Firm. Crude at \$0.50@25, refined at 80@25@25; refined free dull at 70@25@25.

PORK—Heavy and lower, at \$0.75 for mess.

New York, August 10, 1864. 25

FLOUR—35 better and a good demand.

WHEAT—25@25, \$1.13@25@25 for Milwaukee club corn, and WHISKEY—25 and quiet, 10@25@25.

GOLD—\$2.50@25.

MILWAUKEE MARKET.

[By Telegraph.] MILWAUKEE, August 10, 1864.

FLOUR—Suply very light and vary little, including low water wheat grinding in the country. Sales of 100 bush. good country spring extra at \$0.60.

WHEAT—Opened somewhat excited, but closing heavy and lower, No. 1 spring in store at \$1.00.

OATS—Quiet and steady, at 8@25.

CORN—Dull, at 10@25.

GOLD—Dull, at 10@25.

Miscellaneous.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

MADISON, Aug. 11, 1864.

The list of annual taxes for this collection district has been received by me, and the same are due and payable. Said list contains taxes on income, due and payable, and taxes on property, due and payable, at the Spencer House, in Milwaukee, on the 24th, and at the Hyatt House, in Janesville, on the 20th, 27th, 29th, 30th and 31st days of August, for the purpose of realization, and the same are to be paid to the collector of Janesville, and the towns of Milton, Ithaca, Harmony, Putnam, Porter, Union, Magnolia and Center, in the county of Rock. All persons who shall neglect to pay the taxes within the time we are offering goods at prices to whom they may belong, will be liable to pay the tax on the amount of the taxes, which is five per cent. E. R. WADSWORTH, Collector of Dist. Wis.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION, to vote upon the question of raising money by tax on property to volunteers.

WISCONSIN. A portion has already been presented to me, and the same are due and payable, and the bodies of the city of Janesville, to wit:

S. A. Hudson, J. D. Cossidy, J. M. McLean, L. C. Clegg, A. E. Burge, S. Hollings, Jr., N. Swager, A. D. Wickham, requesting me to call a special meeting of the qualified electors of said city, to be held at the office of G. N. Clegg, 100 W. Main street, on the 24th day of August, 1864, authorized by law, for the purpose of voting to tax by law the sum of six thousand and six hundred dollars, and in sum of two hundred and twenty dollars, to be paid to the State of Wisconsin, shall be tax on volunteer and be applied upon the quota of said city, or any of the wards thereof, under the last call of the President for volunteers, including those volunteers for the military service of the United States, and shall be received and taxed County from said city under said call.

Now, therefore, by virtue of authority in me vested by the law of the State of Wisconsin, I hereby give notice that a special meeting of the qualified electors of the city of Janesville, to be held at the office of G. N. Clegg, 100 W. Main street, on the 24th day of August, 1864, for the purpose of voting to tax by law the sum of six thousand and six hundred dollars, and in sum of two hundred and twenty dollars, to be paid to the State of Wisconsin, shall be tax on volunteer and be applied upon the quota of said city, or any of the wards thereof, under the last call of the President for volunteers, including those volunteers for the military service of the United States, and shall be received and taxed County from said city under said call.

Jamesville, August 17th, 1864. G. H. WILLISTON, City Clerk.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, Second District, WISCONSIN, JAMESVILLE, August 17th, 1864.

Notice is hereby given, that upon all ordinary contracts, connected with the enrollment, drafts, exemptions, liability to draft, credits and accounts not yet finalized, should be addressed to the Provost Marshal General at Madison and to the Provost Marshal General at Washington, from whom they could not receive that specific attention desired. Quarters will be supplied for the satisfactory service of the Provost Marshal General.

By order of the Provost Marshal General.

S. J. PUTNAM, Captain and Pro. M. 2d Dist. Wis.

Waukesha, Waukesha, and Pro. M. 2d Dist. Wis.

MORE NEW BOOKS AT SUTHERLAND'S.

The Potomac and the Rapidan.

Army Notes, from the culture at Winchester to the retreats of Rosecrans, 1861-62, by Alfred H. Quimby, Chaplain of the 2d Massachusetts Infantry.

A SUMMER CRUISE ON THE COAST OF NEW ENGLAND, by Robert Carter.

ENOCHE ARDEN, &c., a new Book Poem by Tennyson.

Instruction in Field Artillery, Prepared by a Board of Artillery Officers.

SEIDLITZ POWDERS—A superior article for sale at the Druggist's Drug Store.

TEAS! TEAS! Some very choice Green and Black Teas at less than going rates, at the PHILADELPHIA DRUGSTORE.

FOR INVALIDS—French Choco.

late, French, Fine, Old, Pearl, Barley, Sago, Arrow Root, &c., &c., at the Philadelphia DRUGSTORE.

WALLETS! WALLETS! — A general assortment, to which the attention of the community is invited, at the corner store, 55th and 4th.

LEAVITT & DEARDORN.

WRITING PAPER & Envelopes, \$1.00 can be saved by the people of interior Wisconsin by purchasing their stationery at SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

IKE MARVEL'S NEW WORK Seven Stories with Illustrations, just received.

REMOVAL—DR. HALE has removed his Throat and Lung Institute to the 10th Street, over Colwell's Drug Store.

BEAUTIFUL STYLING LADIES' HATS at 50¢ each.

Business Cards.

S. P. COLE, Homeopathist and Surgeon, Office and residence are down south of Baptist Church, Janesville.

WILLARD MERRILL, Attorney at Law and United States Court Commissioner, Office, Leaphorn's Block, Janesville, Wisc.

S. P. COLE, M. D., Homeopathist and Surgeon, Office at Boale's Hat Store, residence, five doors south of the Baptist Church.

J. J. BARROWS, Physician and Surgeon, office and residence corner of Academy and Wall streets, Janesville.

M. E. JOHNSON, Dentist, Office in Janesville, 10th Street, over the Rock House, Janesville, Wisc.

JOHN WINANS, Attorney and Counselor at Law, office under Center Block, Janesville, Wisc.

ELDRIDGE & PEASE, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, office in Janesville, 10th Street, Wisc.

J. H. PEAS, Janesville, Wisc.

W. H. CHITTENDEN, M. D., Homeopathist and Surgeon, office northwest of Milwaukee, Janesville.

MANILLA AND TARRED ROPE, Ditching Ropes, BAGS, Barrels and Drums, Casks, Oakum, Tarp, Pitch, Chains, and Tackle Blocks.

COAL TAR, Roofing Pitch & Feltting, Coal Cards, Cloth, Linen, Broom Twines, all qualities, Wrapping Twines, in bundles of barrels, and Sacks, Cord, Net and Sacks.

COTTON, FLAX & HEMP TWINES, of every description.

TENTS, Awnings, Wagon Covers!

TARPAULINS, REG'TL COLORS, Standards, Guidons, Flags, &c., of Silk or Bunting, as per Army Regulations, constantly on hand and ready to order.

G. HUBBARD, G. B. GARNETTE.

Insurance Agencies.

INSURANCE.

FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE!

CASH CAPITAL REPRESENTED,

\$6,000,000!

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co., SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

CAPITAL, \$100,000
RESERVES, 250,000

Home Insurance Company, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

CAPITAL, \$100,000
RESERVES, 70,000

Manhattan Fire Insurance Co., THE older Co. in New York. Incorporated 1821.

CAPITAL, \$100,000
RESERVES, 264,000

Phenix Fire Insurance Company, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

CAPITAL, \$60,000
RESERVES, 222,000

New York Life Insurance Company, CASH CAPITAL OVER \$27,000,000

F. WHITAKER, Agent.

160 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

H. C. BRADLEY & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, &c.

Also, SPECIAL AGENTS for

SCHOOL BOOK PUBLISHERS.

These in need of any article in our line will find it to their interest to turn to us, as we are offering goods at prices to compete with any market.

S. C. WEST, 160 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

H. C. BRADLEY & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

THEATRICAL AND PRACTICAL INSTRUCTIONS ON THE several branches of

COMMERCE AND TRADE, so that the student upon going into business, will be familiar with all its details.

The Theatrical and Practical Instructions in PENNANTON, Commercial Correspondence and Calculations, Business Management, and Commerce, mercantile, law, for which a permanent Professor has been established.

For which price is offered a complete course of

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